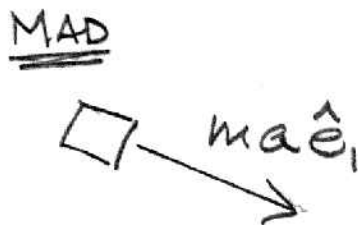
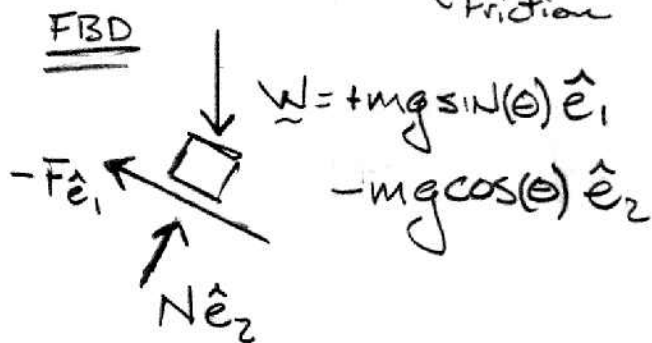


Given: $m, \theta, \mu_k, \mu_s, g, d$
Initial speed $v_0 = 0$

Final: Time t_s to come to stop



Newton

$$\hat{e}_1: mg \sin(\theta) - F = ma$$

$$\hat{e}_2: N - mg \cos(\theta) = 0 \Rightarrow N = mg \cos(\theta)$$

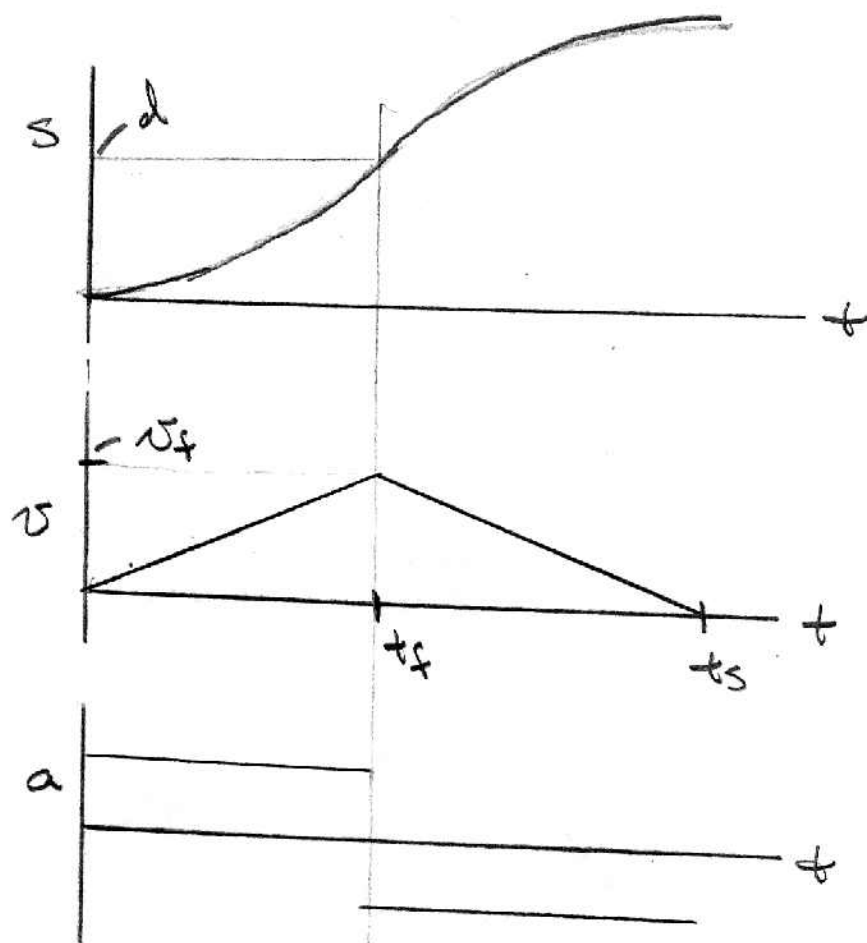
Before Friction: $0 \leq t < t_f$ ← Time at which friction starts (Not known)

$$a = g \sin(\theta) \quad (1)$$

After friction begins: $t_f \leq t \leq t_s$

$$a = g \sin(\theta) - \frac{1}{m} F, \text{ but } F = \mu_k N = \mu_k mg \cos(\theta)$$

$$\Rightarrow a = g \sin(\theta) - \mu_k g \cos(\theta) \quad (2)$$



Write position
as $\underline{r} = s \hat{e}_1$

Write velocity as
 $\underline{v} = v \hat{e}_1$

Kinematics:

For $0 \leq t < t_f$

$$v(t) = \int a dt = \int g \sin(\theta) dt = g \sin(\theta) t + c_1$$

$$\text{I.e. } v(0) = g \sin(\theta) \cdot 0 + c_1 = 0 \Rightarrow c_1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow v(t) = g \sin(\theta) t \quad \text{for } 0 \leq t < t_f \quad (\#)$$

$$s(t) = \int v(t) dt = \int g \sin(\theta) t dt = \frac{1}{2} g \sin(\theta) t^2 + c_2$$

$$\text{I.e. } s(0) = \frac{1}{2} g \sin(\theta) \cdot 0^2 + c_2 = 0 \Rightarrow c_2 = 0$$

$$s(t) = \frac{1}{2} g \sin(\theta) t^2$$

Note: reaches friction when $s(t) = d$

$$s(t_f) = \frac{1}{2} g \sin(\theta) t_f^2 = d$$

$$\Rightarrow t_f = \sqrt{\frac{2d}{g \sin(\theta)}} \quad (*)$$

Note that velocity when friction starts is

$$v(t_f) = g \sin(\theta) t_f = g \sin(\theta) \sqrt{\frac{2d}{g \sin(\theta)}} = \sqrt{2gd \sin(\theta)}$$

from (*)

Kinematics $t_f \leq t < t_s$

$$\begin{aligned} v(t) &= \int a \, dt = \int g [\sin(\theta) - \mu_k \cos(\theta)] \, dt \\ &= g [\sin(\theta) - \mu_k \cos(\theta)] t + C_3 \end{aligned}$$

Boundary Condition

$$v(t_f) = g [\sin(\theta) - \mu_k \cos(\theta)] t_f + C_3 = \sqrt{2gd \sin(\theta)}$$

(*)

$$\text{or } g [\sin(\theta) - \mu_k \cos(\theta)] \sqrt{\frac{2d}{g \sin(\theta)}} + C_3 = \sqrt{2gd \sin(\theta)}$$

$$\text{or } \cancel{2gd \sin(\theta)} - \mu_k \cos(\theta) \sqrt{\frac{2gd}{\sin(\theta)}} + C_3 = \cancel{2gd \sin(\theta)}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_3 = \mu_k \cos(\theta) \sqrt{\frac{2gd}{\sin(\theta)}}$$

So

$$v(t) = g[\sin(\theta) - \mu_k \cos(\theta)]t + \mu_k \cos(\theta) \sqrt{\frac{2gd}{\sin(\theta)}}$$

Stops at $t = t_s$

$$v(t_s) = g[\sin(\theta) - \mu_k \cos(\theta)]t_s + \mu_k \cos(\theta) \sqrt{\frac{2gd}{\sin(\theta)}} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t_s = \frac{\mu_k \cos(\theta)}{g[\mu_k \cos(\theta) - \sin(\theta)]} \sqrt{\frac{2gd}{\sin(\theta)}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{t_s = \frac{\mu_k \cos(\theta)}{\mu_k \cos(\theta) - \sin(\theta)} \sqrt{\frac{2d}{g \sin(\theta)}}}$$

Units $\frac{1}{1} \sqrt{\frac{L}{L/T^2}} = \sqrt{T^2} = T \checkmark$